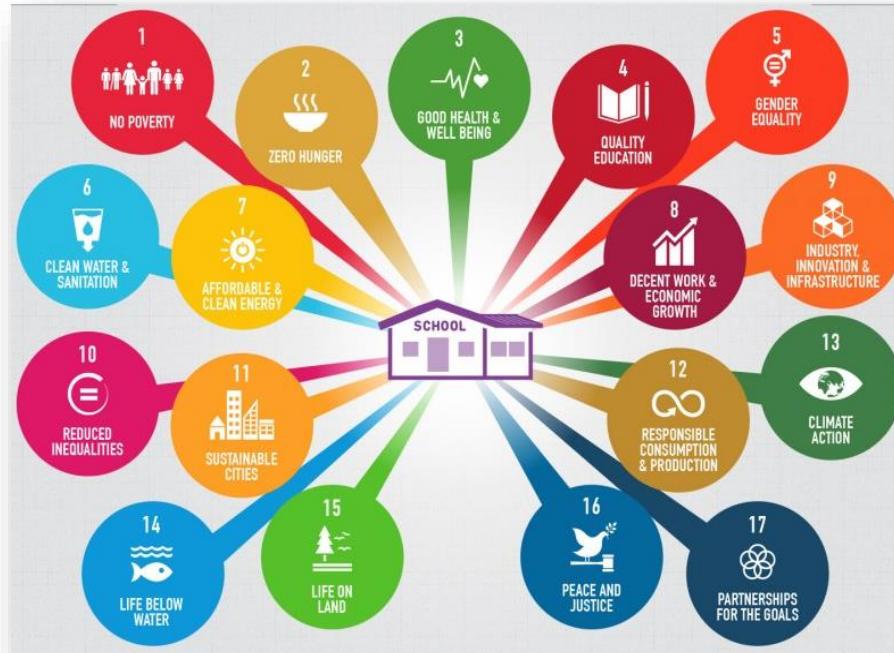




- Wat kunnen SDG's betekenen voor het/ons onderwijs vandaag en morgen?
- Wat kunnen de SDG's voor jouw school/organisatie betekenen?
- Hoe kan je ermee aan de slag gaan?
- Wat is daarvoor nodig?



<https://www.gcedclearinghouse.org/resources/education-and-global-goals?language=en>





<https://sdg4education2030.org/>



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization

Member of

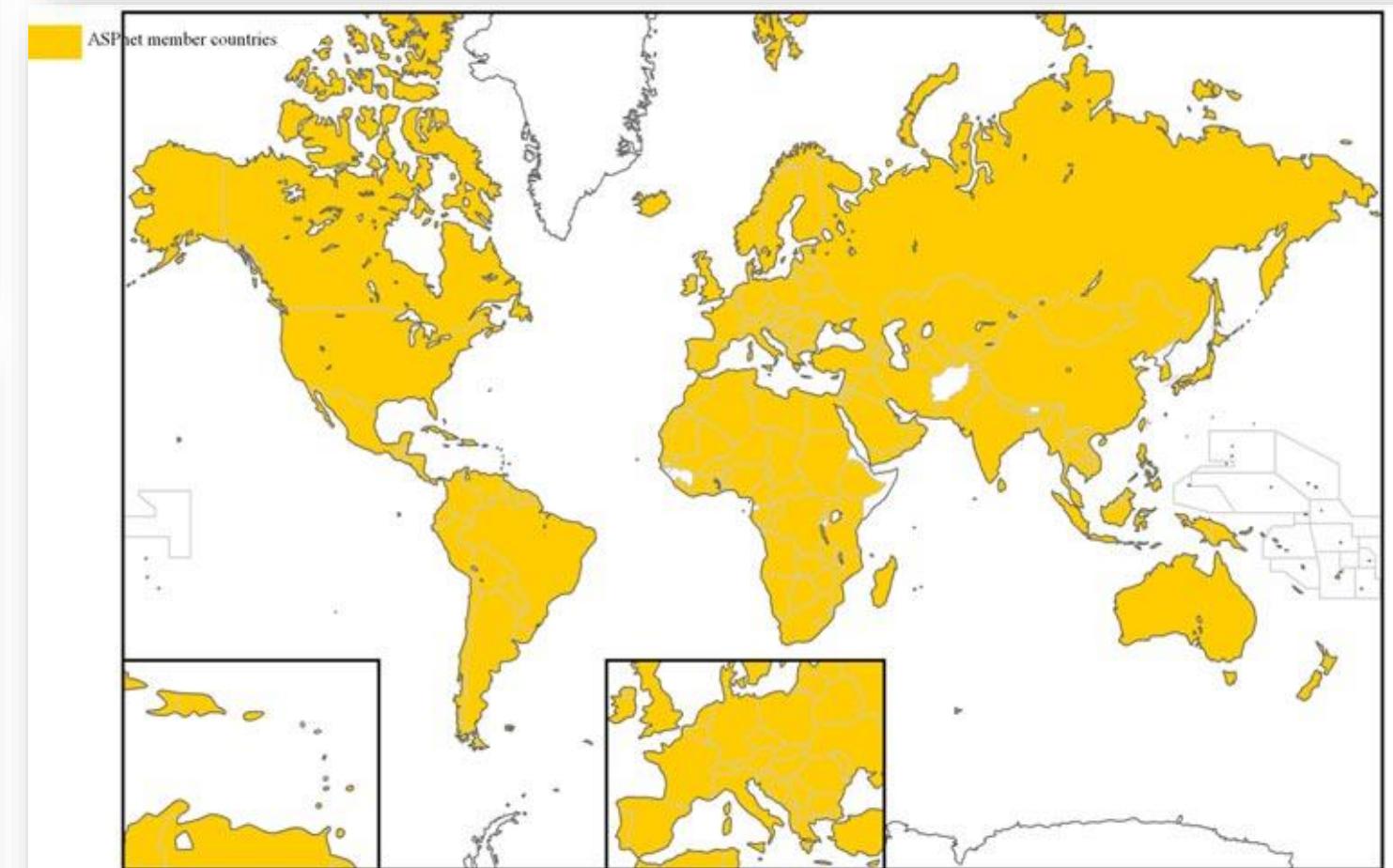


- UNESCO
- Associated Schools
-

<https://aspnet.unesco.org/en-us>

4.7 Er tegen 2030 voor zorgen dat alle leerlingen kennis en vaardigheden verwerven die nodig zijn om duurzame ontwikkeling te bevorderen, onder andere via vorming omtrent duurzame ontwikkeling en duurzame levenswijzen, mensenrechten, gendergelijkheid, de bevordering van een cultuur van vrede en geweldloosheid, wereldburgerschap en de waardering van culturele diversiteit en van de bijdrage van de cultuur tot de duurzame ontwikkeling.

<https://unric.org/nl/duurzame-ontwikkelingsdoelstellingen/sdg-4/>





Education for
Sustainable Development Goals

Learning Objectives



Schools in Action
Global Citizens for
Sustainable Development



A guide for
Students

TEA
U
2030



LEARNING OBJECTIVES



Schools in Action
Global Citizens for
Sustainable Development



A guide for
Teachers

- <https://en.unesco.org/sdgs>
- Global Citizens for Sustainable Development: A guide for Teachers (2016)
<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0024/002468/246888e.pdf>
- Global Citizens for Sustainable Development: A guide for Students (2016)
<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0024/002463/246352e.pdf>
- Global Citizenship Education: Topics and learning objectives (2015)
<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0023/002329/232993e.pdf>
- Education for Sustainable Development Goals: Learning objectives (2017)
<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0024/002474/247444e.pdf>
- The ABCs of Global Citizenship Education
<https://aspnet.unesco.org/en-us/Documents/The%20ABCs.pdf>
- Education transforms lives
<http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0024/002472/247234e.pdf>
- The Global Action Programme (GAP) on ESD
<http://en.unesco.org/gap>
- Global Citizenship Education A Guide for Policymakers (2017)
https://www.gcedclearinghouse.org/sites/default/files/resources/180091eng_0.pdf
- Issues and trends in Education for Sustainable Development (2018)
<https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000261445>
- Global Citizenship Education: A Guide for Trainers
<https://www.gcedclearinghouse.org/resources/global-citizenship-education-guide-trainers>

Systems thinking competency: the abilities to recognize and understand relationships; to analyse complex systems; to think of how systems are embedded within different domains and different scales; and to deal with uncertainty.

Normative competency: the abilities to understand and reflect on the norms and values that underlie one's actions; and to negotiate sustainability values, principles, goals, and targets, in a context of conflicts of interests and trade-offs, uncertain knowledge and contradictions.

Collaboration competency: the abilities to learn from others; to understand and respect the needs, perspectives and actions of others (empathy); to understand, relate to and be sensitive to others (empathic leadership); to deal with conflicts in a group; and to facilitate collaborative and participatory problem solving.

Self-awareness competency: the ability to reflect on one's own role in the local community and (global) society; to continually evaluate and further motivate one's actions; and to deal with one's feelings and desires.

Anticipatory competency: the abilities to understand and evaluate multiple futures – possible, probable and desirable; to create one's own visions for the future; to apply the precautionary principle; to assess the consequences of actions; and to deal with risks and changes.

Strategic competency: the abilities to collectively develop and implement innovative actions that further sustainability at the local level and further afield.

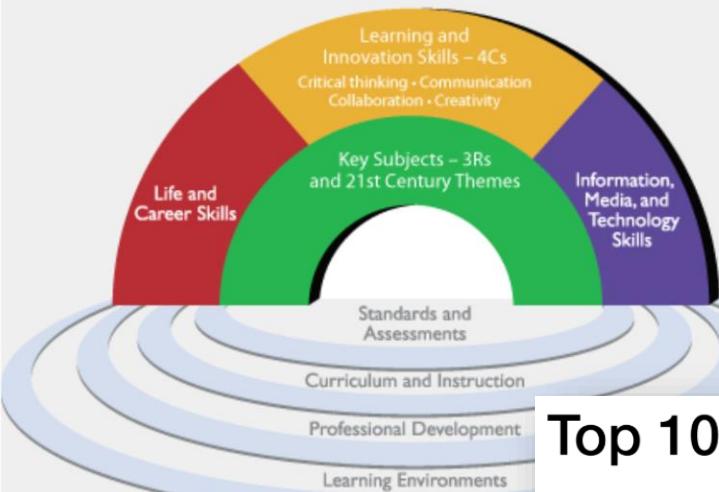
Critical thinking competency: the ability to question norms, practices and opinions; to reflect on own one's values, perceptions and actions; and to take a position in the sustainability discourse.

Integrated problem-solving competency: the overarching ability to apply different problem-solving frameworks to complex sustainability problems and develop viable, inclusive and equitable solution options that promote sustainable development, integrating the above-mentioned competences.



P21 Framework for 21st Century Learning

21st Century Student Outcomes and Support Systems



www.p21.org

Top 10 skills

in 2020

1. Complex Problem Solving
2. Critical Thinking
3. Creativity
4. People Management
5. Coordinating with Others
6. Emotional Intelligence
7. Judgment and Decision Making
8. Service Orientation
9. Negotiation
10. Cognitive Flexibility



Source: Future of Jobs Report, World Economic Forum

<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/01/the-10-skills-you-need-to-thrive-in-the-fourth-industrial-revolution/>

2022 Skills Outlook

Growing

1. Analytical thinking and innovation
2. Active learning and learning strategies
3. Creativity, originality and initiative
4. Technology design and programming
5. Critical thinking and analysis
6. Complex problem-solving
7. Leadership and social influence
8. Emotional intelligence
9. Reasoning, problem-solving and ideation
10. Systems analysis and evaluation

Source: Future of Jobs Report 2018, World Economic Forum

Declining

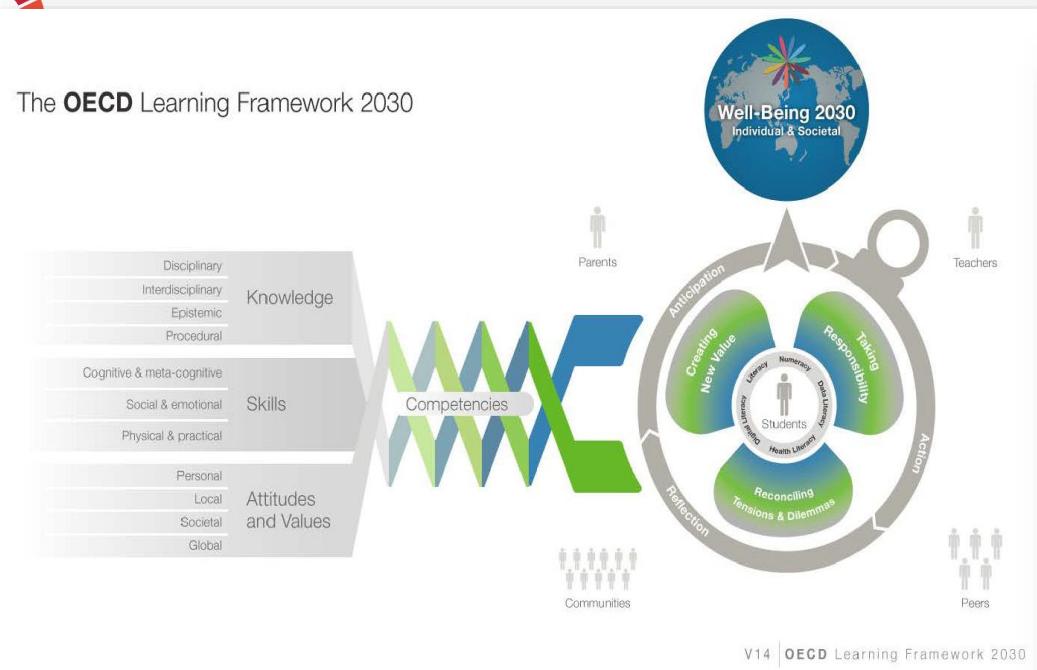
1. Manual dexterity, endurance and precision
2. Memory, verbal, auditory and spatial abilities
3. Management of financial, material resources
4. Technology installation and maintenance
5. Reading, writing, math and active listening
6. Management of personnel
7. Quality control and safety awareness
8. Coordination and time management
9. Visual, auditory and speech abilities
10. Technology use, monitoring and control

http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_Future_of_Jobs_2018.pdf



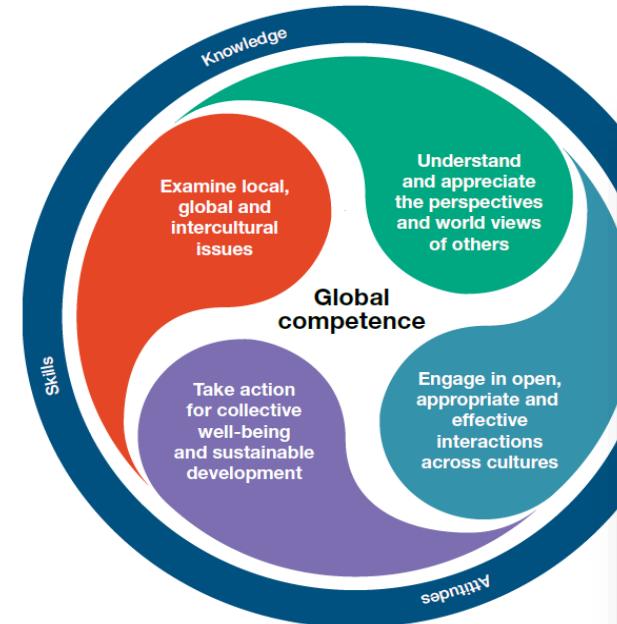


The OECD Learning Framework 2030



[https://www.oecd.org/education/2030/E2030%20Position%20Paper%20\(05.04.2018\).pdf](https://www.oecd.org/education/2030/E2030%20Position%20Paper%20(05.04.2018).pdf)

Figure 1. The dimensions of global competence



Columbusmodel van de 21^e eeuwse vaardigheden

<https://digitaleintelligentie.nl/columbusmodel/>

WORLDWIDE EDUCATING FOR THE FUTURE INDEX

A benchmark for the skills of tomorrow

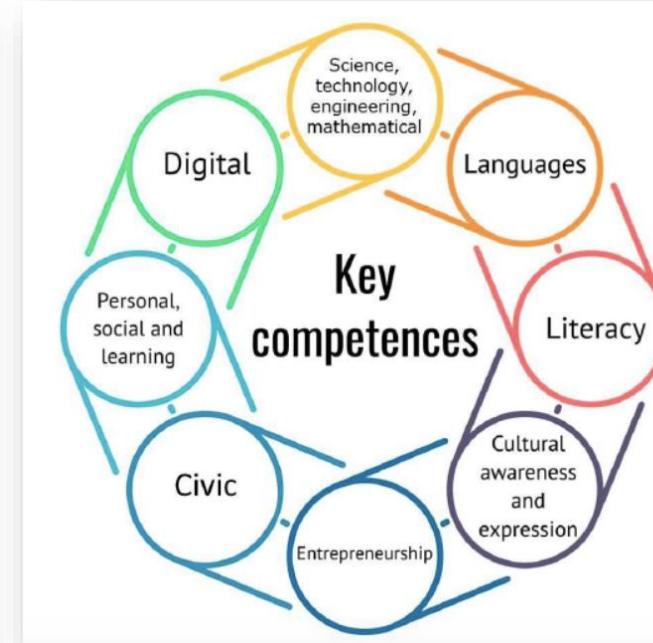
- Interdisciplinary skills
- Creative and analytical skills
- Entrepreneurial skills
- Leadership skills
- Digital and technical skills
- Global awareness and civic education

Written by

The Economist

Intelligence Unit

<https://dkf1ato8y5dsg.cloudfront.net/uploads/5/80/eiu-yidan-prize-educating-for-the-future-wp-final.pdf>



<https://kivinen.wordpress.com/2018/09/15/a-short-introduction-to-the-new-key-competences-for-lifelong-learning/>
https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.C_2018.189.01.0001.01.ENG&toc=OJ:C:2018:189:TOC

Principes voor de ontwikkeling van eindtermen

De eindtermen vertrekken van **16 sleutelcompetenties**:

- competenties op het vlak van lichamelijk, geestelijk en emotioneel bewustzijn en op vlak van lichamelijke, geestelijke en emotionele gezondheid;
- competenties in het Nederlands;
- competenties in andere talen;
- digitale competentie en mediawijsheid;
- sociaal-relationele competenties;
- competenties inzake wiskunde, exacte wetenschappen en technologie;
- burgerschapscompetenties met inbegrip van competenties inzake samenleven;
- competenties met betrekking tot historisch bewustzijn;
- competenties met betrekking tot ruimtelijk bewustzijn;
- competenties inzake duurzaamheid;
- economische en financiële competenties;
- juridische competenties;
- leercompetenties met inbegrip van onderzoekscompetenties, innovatiemedenen, creativiteit, probleemplossend en kritisch denken, systeemdenken, informatieverwerking en samenwerken;
- zelfbewustzijn en zelfexpressie, zelfsturing en wendbaarheid;
- ontwikkeling van initiatief, ambitie, ondernemingszin en loopbaancompetenties;
- cultureel bewustzijn en culturele expressie.

Education for global citizenship – key elements as defined by Oxfam

Knowledge and understanding	Skills	Values and attitudes
• Social justice and equity	• Critical and creative thinking	• Sense of identity and self-esteem
• Identity and diversity	• Empathy	• Commitment to social justice and equity
• Globalisation and interdependence	• Self-awareness and reflection	• Respect for people and human rights
• Sustainable development	• Communication	• Value diversity
• Peace and conflict	• Cooperation and conflict resolution	• Concern for the environment and commitment to sustainable development
• Human rights	• Ability to manage complexity and uncertainty	• Commitment to participation and inclusion
• Power and governance	• Informed and reflective action	• Belief that people can bring about change

<https://www.oxfam.org.uk/education/resources/global-citizenship-in-the-classroom-a-guide-for-teachers>

2 Visie op toekomstgericht onderwijs 20

2.1 Kenmerken 21

- De leerling ontwikkelt kennis en vaardigheden door creativiteit en nieuwsgierigheid in te zetten 21
- De leerling vormt zijn persoonlijkheid 22
- De leerling leert omgaan met vrijheid en verantwoordelijkheid en over grenzen heen te kijken 22
- De leerling leert de kansen van de digitale wereld te benutten 23
- De leerling krijgt betekenisvol onderwijs op maat 24

2.2 Vaardig, waardig, aardig 25

- Persoonsvorming 26
- Een relevant onderwijsaanbod 27

<https://www.rijksoverheid.nl/onderwerpen/toekomst-onderwijs/documenten/rapporten/2016/01/23/eindadvies-platform-toekomst-onderwijs2032-ons-onderwijs2032>



Key competencies and performance of sustainability citizens



<https://unesdoc.unesco.org/ark:/48223/pf0000261445> (p. 46)

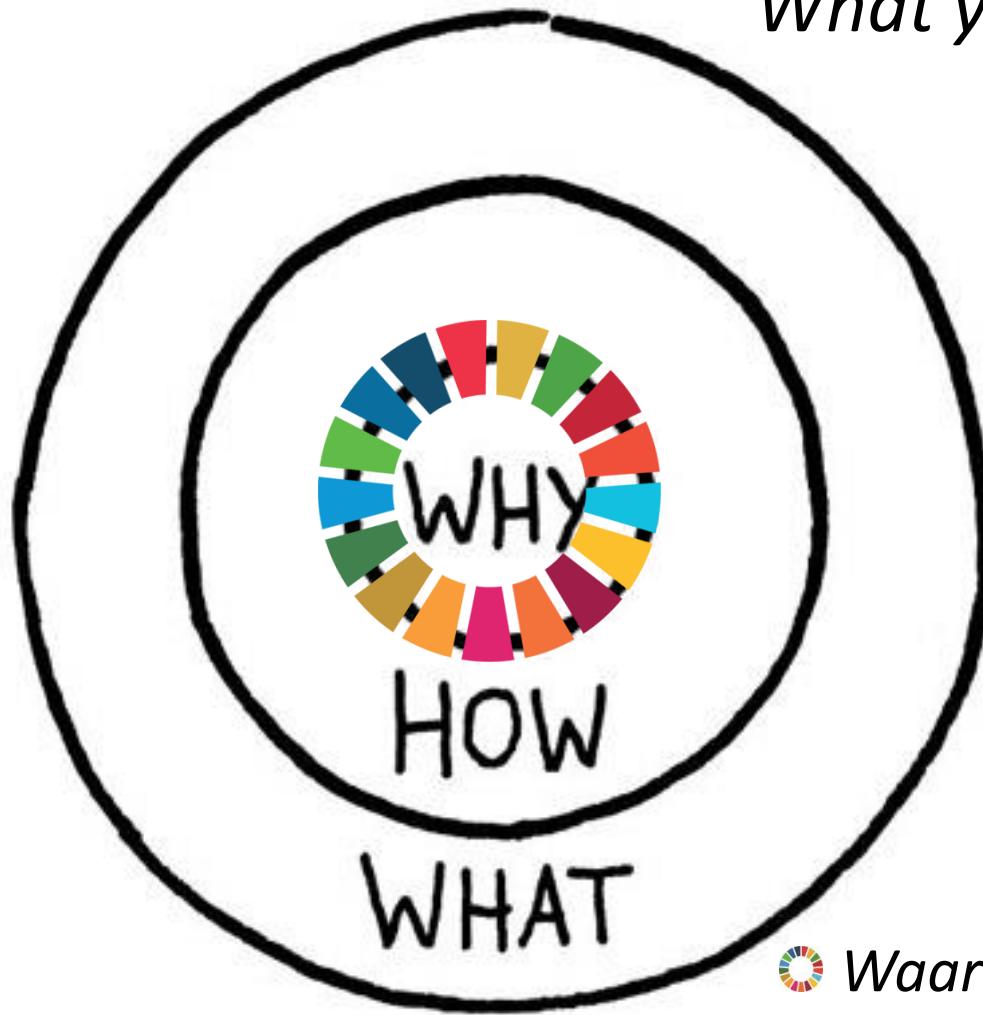




“What you do simply proves what you believe.”

Simon Sinek

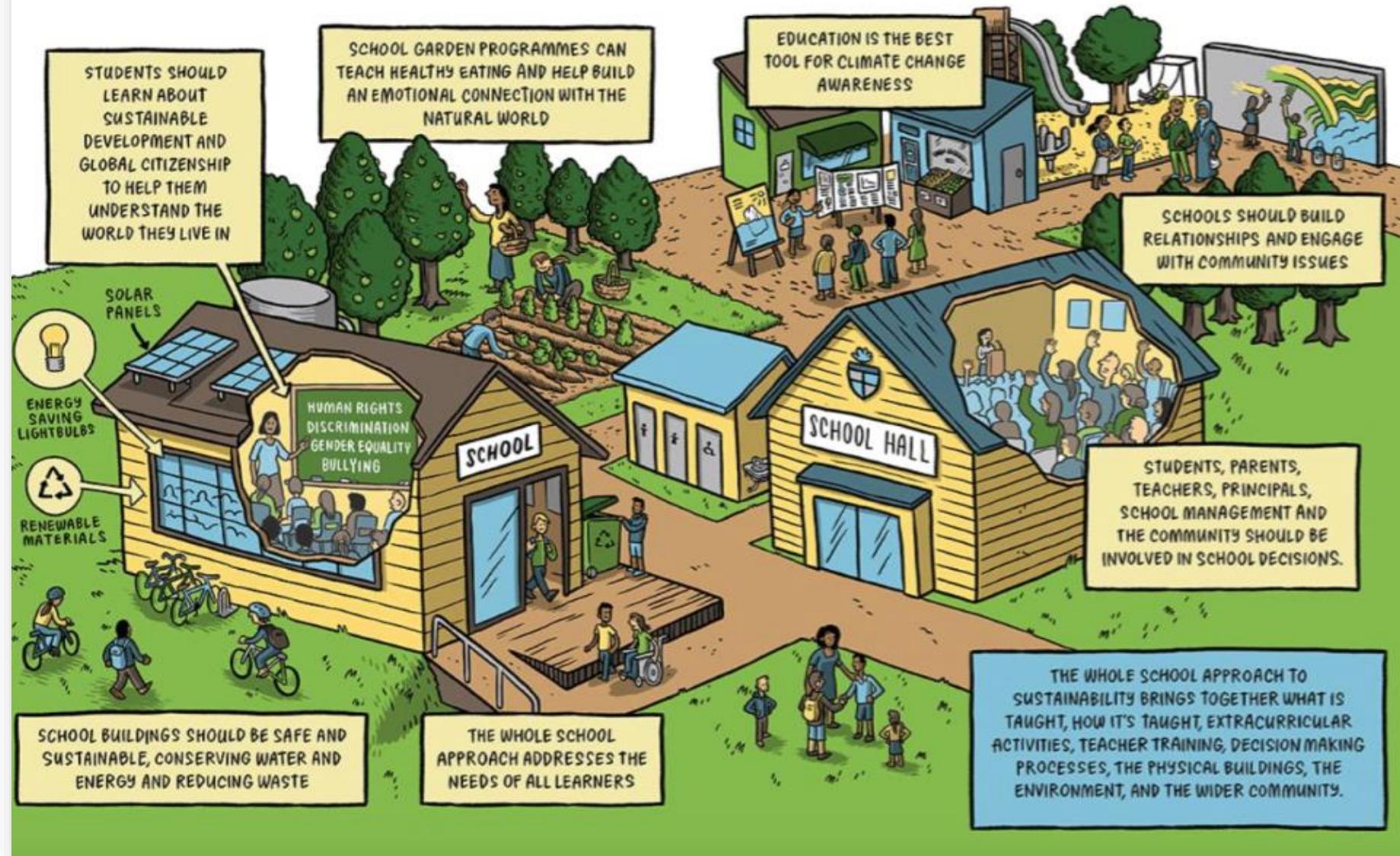
<https://simonsinek.com/commit/the-golden-circle>



- Waar geloven jullie in als school(team)?
- Wat motiveert jullie als school(team)?
- Wat inspireert jullie als school(team)?
- Waarom zijn de SDG's betekenisvol voor jullie?
- Waarom willen jullie hierin investeren (tijd en mensen)?
- Wat is de meerwaarde van de SDG's voor jullie school?
- Waarop zullen de SDG's een antwoord/oplossing bieden?
- Wat is het doel (als 'dot on the horizon') dat jullie willen bereiken?



Sustainability is not just something to learn, it's something to live!



<https://en.unesco.org/gem-report/sites/gem-report/files/whole%20school%20approach%20ENGLISH.pdf>

Stijn Dhert, maart 2020



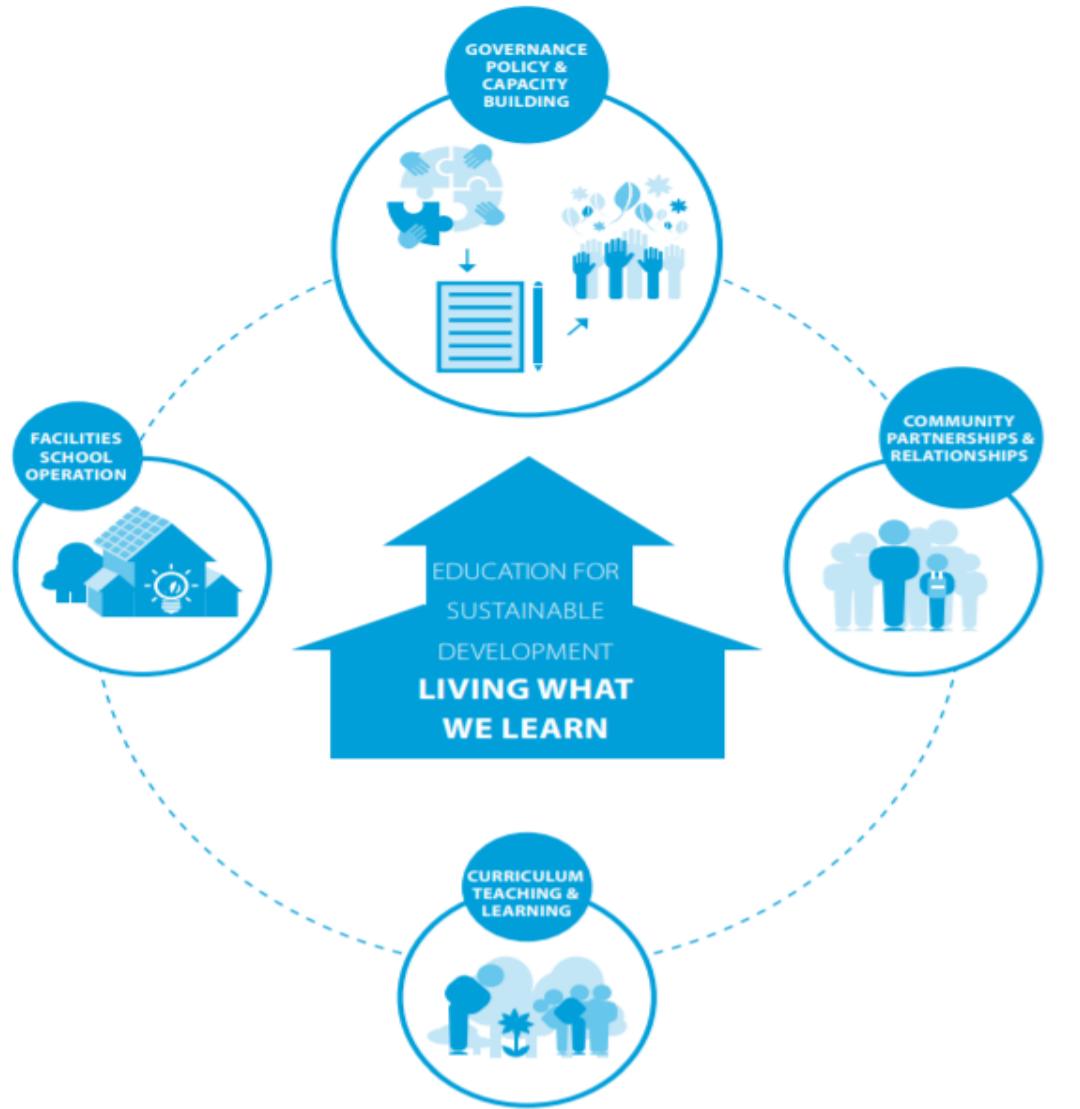
The Lippit-Knoster Model for Managing Complex Change



<https://sergiocaredda.eu/organisation/tools/models-the-lippit-knoster-model-for-managing-complex-change>



Figure 4.2.1.4: The whole-school approach



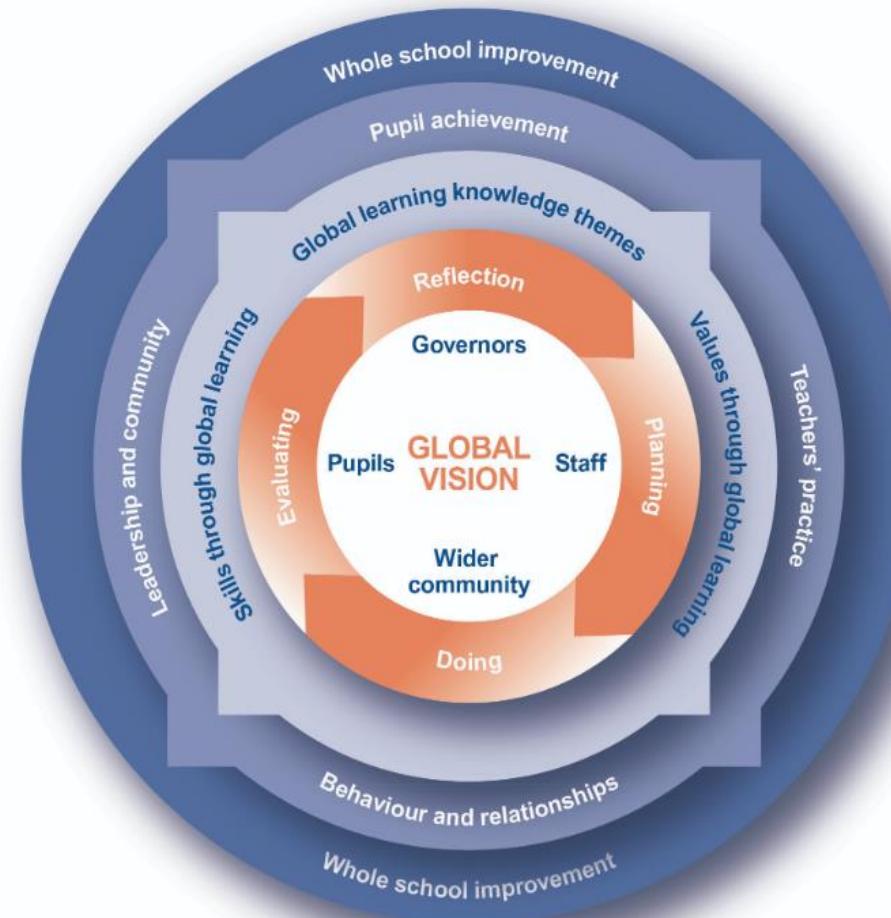
UNESCO. (2014). *Shaping the Future We Want: UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development 2005-2014 (Final Report)*. [Retrieved from <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?page=view&type=400&nr=1682&menu=35>]



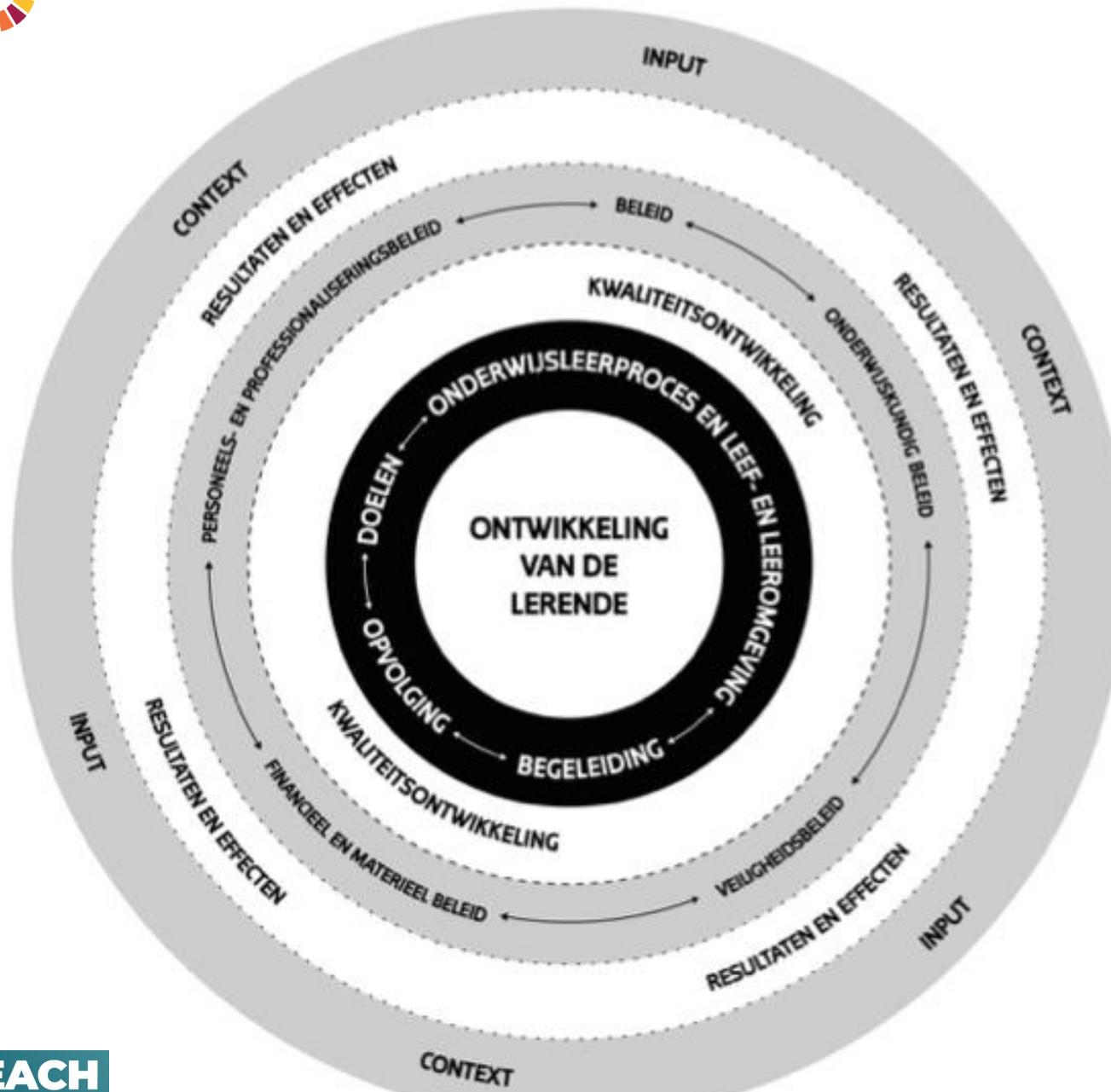
Asia Society/OECD (2018), *Teaching for Global Competence in a Rapidly Changing World*, OECD Publishing, Paris/Asia Society, New York, <https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264289024-en>.



A whole school approach to global learning



<https://globaldimension.org.uk/chooseglp/glp-england-update/developing-a-whole-school-approach/>



Figuur 12: Op basis van Indicatoren van beleidsvoerend vermogen (Vanhoof et al., 2012)

ROK bronndocument, 2017

https://www.onderwijsinspectie.be/sites/default/files/atoms/files/OK_bronndoc_LOW_14-10-2019.pdf



<https://www.oberon.eu/data/upload/Portfolio/files/whole-school-approachprint-2.pdf>

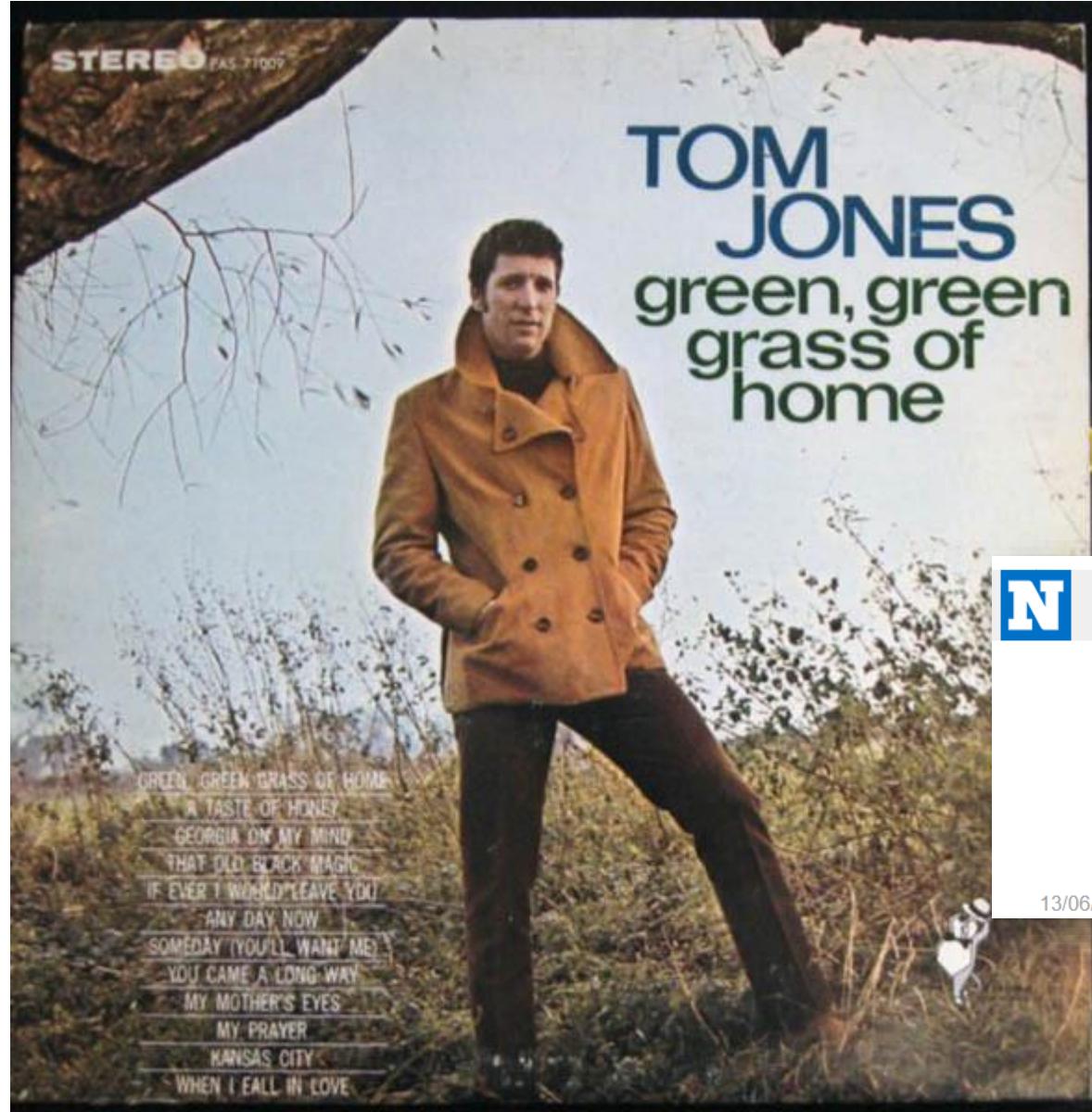
<https://sme.nl/column/onderwijs/ruimte-die-duurzaamheid-ademt>





Waarschuwing

- Een model is niet de werkelijkheid
(want die werkelijkheid is complexer, anders zou er geen model nodig zijn)
- Het hebben van een model is geen doel an sich
(en een model moet niet perfect zijn vooraleer actie mogelijk is)
- Een model is niet onaantastbaar & onveranderlijk
- Een model is niet van een ander(e autoriteit)
(het gevoel moet zijn: "het is van ons" én "het werkt voor ons in onze context")
- Zorg dat het model voldoende omvattend is
(vergeet geen sleutelelementen/-domeinen op te nemen)
- Bekijk het model vanuit een 'systeembril'
(als raakt aan alles)
- Een model is niet tweedimensioneel, maar gelaagd
- En vooral: als een model niet helpt, is het geen goed model
(voor deze casus, in deze context, op dit moment...)
- ...



<https://www.discogs.com/fr/Tom-Jones-Green-Green-Grass-Of-Home/master/109780>



NIEUWS

SPORT

REGIO

SLIMMER LEVEN

SHE.

MIJN

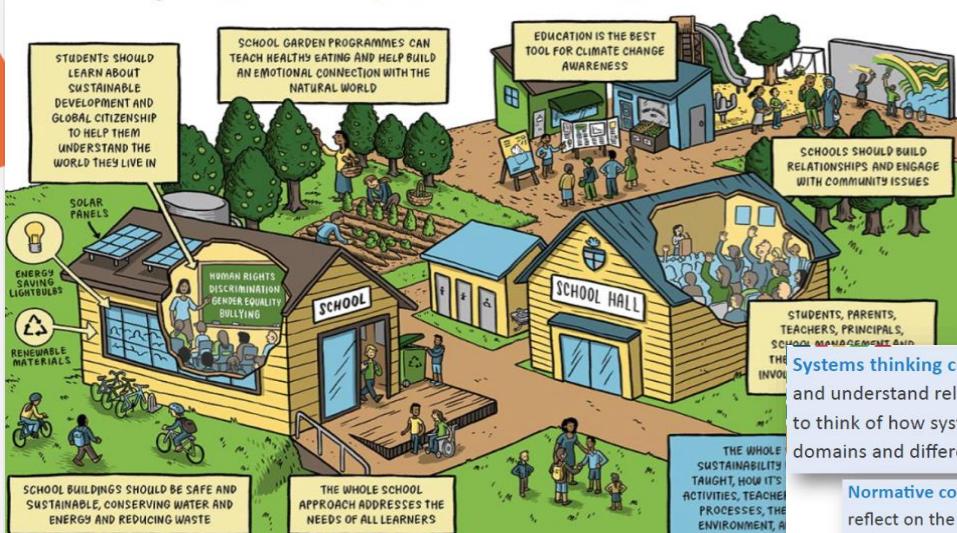
Gsm-tracking in Antwerpen: “Niet nieuw, we doen dat al twee jaar”

13/06/2017 om 13:15 door adm - Print - Corrigeren

https://www.nieuwsblad.be/cnt/dmf20170613_02923315



Sustainability is not just something to learn, it's something to live!



Alles samenbrengen: Een oefening

Systems thinking competency: the abilities to recognize and understand relationships; to analyse complex systems; to think of how systems are embedded within different domains and different scales; and to deal with uncertainty.

Normative competency: the abilities to understand and reflect on the norms and values that underlie one's actions; and to negotiate sustainability values, principles, goals, and targets, in a context of conflicts of interests and trade-offs, uncertain knowledge and contradictions.

Collaboration competency: the abilities to learn from others; to understand and respect the needs, perspectives and actions of others (empathy); to understand, relate to and be sensitive to others (empathic leadership); to deal with conflicts in a group; and to facilitate collaborative and participatory problem solving.

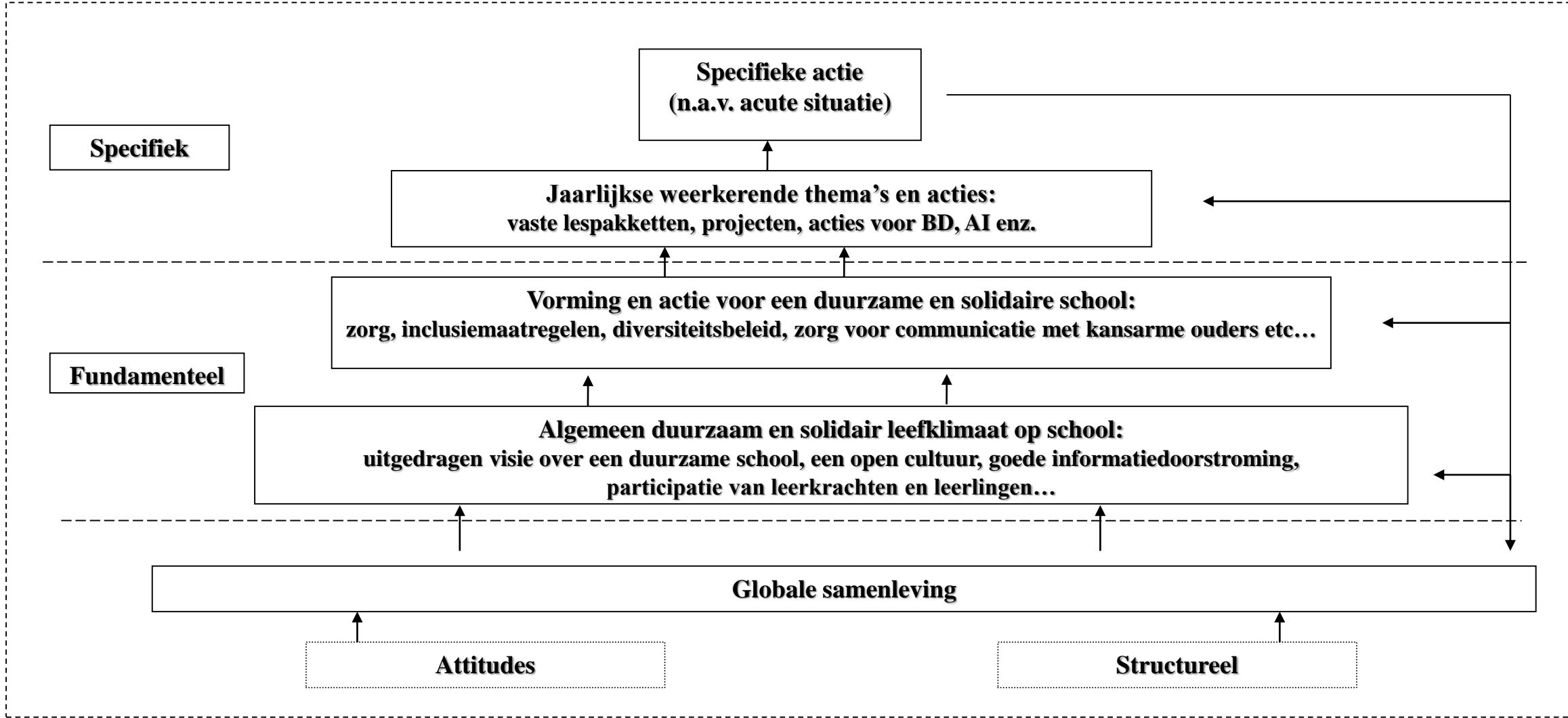
Self-awareness competency: the ability to reflect on one's own role in the local community and (global) society; to continually evaluate and further motivate one's actions; and to deal with one's feelings and desires.

Anticipatory competency: the abilities to understand and evaluate multiple futures – possible, probable and desirable; to create one's own visions for the future; to apply the precautionary principle; to assess the consequences of actions; and to deal with risks and changes.

Strategic competency: the abilities to collectively develop and implement innovative actions that further sustainability at the local level and further afield.

Critical thinking competency: the ability to question norms, practices and opinions; to reflect on own one's values, perceptions and actions; and to take a position in the sustainability discourse.

Integrated problem-solving competency: the overarching ability to apply different problem-solving frameworks to complex sustainability problems and develop viable, inclusive and equitable solution options that promote sustainable development, integrating the above-mentioned competences.



Vanwassenhoven, L. (2019). *Whole School Approach & Draagvlak op School*. i.s.m. EcoCampus.
Presentatie tijdens Unesco ASPnetwerkmeeting (Kortrijk).
Geïnspireerd op Deklerck, J. (2006). Onveiligheid integraal aanpakken: de preventiepiramide.
Tijdschrift voor Veiligheid, 5(3), 19-37.



KANTELEN = EVENWICHT(EN) VINDEN

RESULTAAT

HORIZON

(interne)
AUTONOMIE

STRUCTUUR

VERANDERING

UITDAGING

GEPRAAT

GROND

(externe)
EXPERTISE

AGENCY

STABILITEIT

VERTROUWEN

BEREIKEN VAN
LEERDOELEN

Vermeir, K. (2019). *Implementatie van onderwijsinnovatie: artefacten, ondersteuners, agenda's en onderhandeling*. Proefschrift KU Leuven: Faculteit Pedagogische Wetenschappen.

Timperley, H. (2008). Teacher professional learning and development. In J. Brophy (Ed.), *The Educational Practices Series – 18*. International Academy of Education & International Bureau of Education (UNESCO): Brussels.

<https://www.freepik.com/free-photos-vectors/balance>



KANTLEN HEEFT NOOD AAN LEIDERSCHAP

momentum behouden
faciliteren
leiden
visie ontwikkelen
LEIDERSCHAP



<https://www.freepik.com/free-photos-vectors/balance>

**BEREIKEN VAN
LEERDOELEN**

Vermeir, K. (2019). *Implementatie van onderwijsinnovatie: artefacten, ondersteuners, agenda's en onderhandeling*. Proefschrift KU Leuven: Faculteit Pedagogische Wetenschappen.

Timperley, H. (2008). Teacher professional learning and development. In J. Brophy (Ed.), *The Educational Practices Series – 18*. International Academy of Education & International Bureau of Education (UNESCO): Brussels.



http://123management.eu/0/030_cultuur/a300_cultuur_07_cultuurverandering_succesfactoren.html
Kotter, J.P. (1996). *Leading change*. Boston, Mass: Harvard Business School Press.



Dank
stijn.dhert@gmail.com